

## FDA Agency Report

Conference for Food Protection Virtual Meeting 2021 Mark Moorman, Ph.D.



## Partnering Forward on the Road to Retail Food Safety





# **2020 AND BEYOND: PLANNING FOR THE FUTURE**



## **Core Element 2**





Smarter Tools and Approaches for Prevention and Outbreak Response

- 1. Invigorate Root Cause Analyses
- 2. Strengthen Predictive Analytics Capabilities
- 3. Domestic Mutual Reliance
- 4. Inspection, Training, and Compliance Tools
- 5. Outbreak Response
- 6. Recall Modernization

## **Core Element 3**





New Business Models and Retail Modernization

- 1. Ensure Safety of Food Produced or Delivered Using New Business Models
- 2. Modernize Traditional Retail Food Safety Approaches

#### NEW ERA OF SMARTER FOOD SAFETY

#### **FDA Public Meeting**

New Era of Smarter Food Safety Summit on E-Commerce: Ensuring the Safety of Foods Ordered Online and Delivered Directly to Consumers

#### SAVE THE DATE

Three - Day Virtual Event October 19-21, 2021

## The Road Ahead: Priorities for Core Element 3.0 in 2021 to 2023



**3.1** Plan and Convene **New Business Model Summit** – Targeted for October 2021

3.2 Coordinate the Design and Launch of the Independent Review of Traditional Retail Food Program Approaches

#### 3.2 Work with Stakeholders:

- Food Code Adoption Strategy & Tool Kit
- Food Safety Management Systems with retail food establishments
- Risk Based inspection methods and root cause analysis
- Intervention Strategies that positively impact behavioral change
- State of the Art Facility and Equipment Design



## 2020 AND BEYOND: CURRENT AGENCY and CFSAN/OFS PROGRAM INITIATIVES

Vision for Prevention: and Challenge Statements to Address

- More foodborne illness outbreaks detected due to enhanced disease attribution capabilities
- We need a structured process as we transition from outbreak to prevention
- We have an opportunity to bring clarity and collaboration to prevention activities

### After the Outbreak



What is our vision for prevention after the outbreak?

We lead and execute a systematic approach for:

- identifying gaps in understanding
- identifying activities to resolve gaps
- engaging experts and making connections during the prevention process (FDA, CDC, States, academia, and industry)
- executing an influence and communication strategy for <u>every</u> outbreak

• FDA offices and state partners lead execution of identified deliverables

## After the Outbreak



# What is our vision for prevention after the outbreak?

What is a prevention strategy and what's in it?

- Affirmative, deliberate approach to limit or prevent the occurrence of a root cause that led to an outbreak or adverse incident.
- Strategy may incorporate recommendations for:
  - Research
  - policy development
  - publications/communications
  - industry influence
  - industry training
  - compliance activities
  - regulator training
  - rule-making
  - guidance development





FDA Outlines 2020 Action Plan to Help Advance the Safety of Leafy Greens

**FD**A

#### Key Areas of Focus

- Prevention
- Response
- Knowledge Gaps

#### Prevention

#### Response

#### Addressing Knowledge Gaps



#### Leafy Green Shiga-toxin producing E. coli (STEC) Action Plan

#### 2021 Update

- Renewed emphasis on actions to prevent contamination stemming from activities on adjacent land
- Announces new actions that build on the accomplishments and learnings from the 2020 plan
- Renews our commitment to completing certain actions that were difficult to accomplish in 2020 due to challenges presented by the COVID-19 pandemic.
- New webpage also describes progress made under 2020 plan



#### Leafy Green STEC Action Plan: Adjacent and Nearby Land Use

- Increase awareness and address concerns by providing education and technical assistance
- Collaborate with partners, research organizations and industry stakeholders to understand current practices, and opportunities and barriers to implementation



## FDA

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## FASTER Act – Sesame as MFA

- In Oct. 2018, FDA statement noted sesame allergies may be a growing concern in the U.S. and new effort to consider labeling for sesame to help sesame allergic consumers.
- In Nov. 2020, FDA issued draft guidance for industry on voluntary disclosure of sesame when added as flavoring or spice.
  - Recommended manufacturers to voluntarily declare sesame following the spice or flavor.
  - Recommended sesame to be voluntarily included in parentheses following the ingredient, such as tahini, when sesame is not in the common name of food.
- In April 2021, the FASTER Act was signed into law, declaring sesame as the 9<sup>th</sup> major food allergen. Effective on Jan. 1, 2023.
- Beginning Jan. 2023, sesame allergen labeling required under FALCPA and controls (cross-contact and label) required under FSMA.



### 2020 AND BEYOND: CURRENT RETAIL PROGRAM INITIATIVES

#### FDA National Retail Food Team's Strategic Goal & Objectives



## GOAL: Reduce the occurrence of foodborne illness risk factors in food establishments

(Metric: FDA Foodborne Illness Risk Factor Study & State, Local, Tribal, & Territorial (SLTT) Risk Factor Studies)

1. Increase uniformity, consistency, and capacity of SLTT retail food protection programs

- Promote adoption of Science based guidance
- Drive progress & conformance with Program Standards
- Maximize implementation of Standardization
- Provide Tech Assistance & Training
- Build capacity for better FBI Surveillance & Response
- Create new & strengthen Partnerships

2. Promote industry's active managerial control of foodborne illness risk factors & promote a culture of food safety

- Increase use of Food Safety Management Systems
- Encourage/support development of new technology and interventions
- Monitor emerging managerial practices, food safety culture and behavioral science in relation to evolving business models.
- Monitor and assess industry compliance

3. Maintain a strong NRFT work force

- Optimize resource allocation
- Attract, retain, and optimally deploy a highly skilled workforce
- Advance the professional development and technical expertise of staff
- Promote a value-based organizational culture



#### ANALYSIS OF CFP ISSUES AND RECOMMENDATIONS TO AMEND THE FOOD CODE AND PROGRAM STANDARDS

CFSAN uses a retail food policy analysis framework to support decision-making.



#### **RETAIL FOOD POLICY ANALYSIS FRAMEWORK**



# The CFP Cycle for the Retail Food Policy Team



#### **Prior to CFP**

- Identify the proposition(s)
- Identify and evaluate claims and key arguments ("stock issues")
- · Identify assumptions, evaluation criteria, and logical fallacies
- · Identify evidence and clash points

#### **During CFP**

- Gain clarity and inform debate on the proposition(s), claims, key arguments, assumptions, evaluation criteria, and evidence.
- · Inform the debate on alternative solutions
- · Understand the intent and rationale of final recommendations

#### Post CFP

- · Evaluate the final policy recommendation
- Determine if the policy recommendation is warranted.
  - If so, determine appropriate way to implement the recommendation.



#### Retail Research 2017-2020

Journal Year

Title

Journal of Food Protection	2017	Growth Kinetics of Listeria monocytogenes in Cut Produce
	2018	Advancing retail food policy debates: Estimating the risk of contaminated servings of food attributed to employee food handling
		practices in retail food establishments
	2019	Food Safety Management Systems, Certified Food Protection Managers, and Compliance with Food Safety Practices Associated with the Control of Listeria monocytogenes in Foods at Restaurants
	2020	Allergen Removal and Transfer with Wiping and Cleaning Methods Used in Retail and Food Service Establishments
	2020	Assessing Employee Health Policies for Reporting and Excluding III Food Employees in Restaurants within the United States
Food Additives & Contaminants: Part A	2020	Temperature and pH affect copper release kinetics from copper metal foil and commercial copperware to food simulants
Journal of Environmental Health	2020	A Matter of Debate: Developing National Retail Food Policy.
	2020	<u>A Matter of Time: Exploring Variation in Food and Drug Administration Food Code Adoption Among State Retail Food Regulatory</u> Agencies
Journal of Agriculture, Food Systems, and Community Development	2020	Interventions and Compliance: How the Response to COVID-19 Reflects Decades of Retail Food Protection Efforts
Risk Analysis	2017	Quantitative Risk Assessment of Norovirus Transmission in Food Establishments: Evaluating the Impact of Intervention Strategies and
		Food Employee Behavior on the Risk Associated with Norovirus in Foods

#### FDA'S RETAIL FOOD RISK FACTOR STUDY FINDINGS FROM THE 2013-2014 RESTAURANT DATA COLLECTION PERIOD

#### **SUMMARY**

Food Safety Management Systems (FSMSs) and Out-of-Compliance Data Items (Food Safety Practices/Behaviors)

- Food Safety Management Systems were the strongest predictor of data item being Out-of-Compliance in both fast food and full-service restaurants
- Restaurants with well-developed FSMSs have significantly fewer food safety practices/behaviors Out-of-Compliance than did those with "less developed" FSMSs

For more information regarding the FDA Report on the Occurrence of Foodborne Illness Risk Factors in Fast Food and Full-Service Restaurants, please visit: https://www.fda.gov/food/retail-food-protection/retail-food-risk-factor-study

#### **SUMMARY**



#### Certified Food Protection Managers (CFPMs) and Food Safety Management Systems

 Restaurants that had a CFPM who was the person in charge at the time of the data collection had significantly better food safety management system scores that those restaurants that did not have a CFPM present or employed.



## EXPANDING OUR BANDWIDTH THROUGH PARTNERSHIPS AND RESOURCES



#### Retail Program Standards Updates

Voluntary National Retail Food Regulatory Program Standards



"Standards of Excellence for Continual Improvement" Deschard and resummanded by the U.S. Find and Drug Administration with input from fieldered, size and local regulatory official, indexes, toak anno inform, analysis, and commerce.

2019

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Food and Drug Administration Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition College Park, MD 20740

- Research project on barriers
  associated with progression within the
  Retail Program Standards
- Online modules and F-2-F Self
  Assessment and Verification Audit
  Workshops (SAVA) in 2022
- Retail Future Funding Model (RFFM) funding opportunities
- FDA web-posted the SAVA tool in advance of Issue 2020-II-020 being deliberated to support local jurisdictions tracking their internal progress on the Retail Program Standards.

## Expanding Bandwidth through Collaborations



"Working Together to Bend the Curve on Foodborne Illness"



Retail Regulatory Association Collaborative

FDA Retail Food Safety Restaurant Partnership

FDA Retail Food Safety Retail Food Store Partnership



#### **Retail Flexible Funding Model**



www.fda.gov

#### **Retail Flexible Funding Model**



#### www.fda.gov

\*Applicants may be recommended for initial gateway into the mentorship program based on application review



## **QUESTIONS?**



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## Retail Regulatory Association Collaborative





Issue joint recommendations on emerging issues

- Objectives support New Era Retail Food Initiatives
- Retail Regulatory Association Collaborative CAP – FY20
- \$1.75M in funding awards